## 2025 · WHAT ISSUES SHOULD I CONSIDER WHEN ESTABLISHING & MAINTAINING MY EMERGENCY FUND?



GENERAL ISSUES	YES	NO
Do you need to review what monthly expenses you'd cover should you lose a source of income? If so, consid differences between essential and discretionary expenses as the extent to which you'd need to cover both types of each mindful to set realistic expectations about which expendible could feasibly cut under pressing circumstances.	ler the s, as well expenses.	
Do you need to review how many months worth of ex are appropriate for you to set aside? If so, consider the of household incomes, the nature of your income (e.g., st predictability, etc.), and your personal risk tolerance wher determining the number of months worth of living expen like to set aside.	number ability,	
Are there any upcoming life events (e.g., marriage, chespouse returning to work, etc.) or new sources of inco Social Security, pension, annuity, etc.) that need to be into your emergency fund? If so, consider whether you appropriately factoring in any upcoming changes to expended additional sources of income when establishing your emergend. Remember that guaranteed sources of income may the required amount you need in an emergency fund.	ome (e.g., e factored are nses or ergency	
Do you own (or plan to own) a rental property? If so, confactoring in additional rental-related expenses (e.g., mortgates, repairs, utilities, tenant vacancies, etc.) and rental in when calculating your required emergency fund. You may consider keeping a separate rental property emergency fund.	gage, ncome y also	
Are you a business owner? If so, consider factoring in action business-related expenses (e.g., supplies, replacement payroll, etc.) and business income when calculating your emergency fund. You may also consider keeping a separabusiness expense emergency fund.	erts, required	

	UNEXPECTED EXPENSE ISSUES	YES	NO
	Are you concerned about unexpected expenses that could arise from damage to, or general wear and tear of, your property (e.g., vehicles, home, household appliances/items, etc.)? If so, consider factoring your insurance deductibles (e.g., home, auto, etc.) into your emergency fund. Furthermore, consider factoring in an additional amount of cash to keep on hand for any potential repair costs (e.g., roof, deck, windows, etc.) and/or replacement costs (e.g., washer/dryer, refrigerator, fixtures, etc.) that may not be covered by your insurance.		
}	Are you concerned about expenses that could arise from unexpected health-related issues? If so, consider factoring your medical insurance deductible or out-of-pocket maximum into your emergency fund.		
}	Do you need to review the elimination period (waiting period) of your disability insurance policy in relation to your emergency fund? If so, consider whether your emergency fund would be adequate to cover your living expenses while you wait for your disability insurance benefits to start.		
	Are you concerned that it would be difficult to quickly replenish your emergency fund should you need to tap into them? If so, consider any asset/debt flexibility at your disposal (e.g., HELOC, reverse mortgage, 0% credit card balance transfers, 401(k) loans, etc.) that could be used as a backup emergency fund while you replenish your primary emergency fund.		

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	EMERGENCY FUND LOCATION ISSUES	YES	NO	EMERGENCY FU
	Is your emergency fund currently underfunded? If so, consider whether you could optimally reposition or sell certain assets/ holdings in order to finish funding your emergency fund, but be mindful of how this may impact your investment and/or tax planning goals.			Do you have pe If so, consider which walue could be each while simultaneous needs.
	Is the majority of your emergency fund held in bank accounts (e.g., checking, savings, etc.)? If so, consider whether your emergency fund could be better positioned (e.g., high-yield checking/savings accounts, short-term CDs, etc.) for keeping up with inflation.			Do you have an gain liquidity in annuities, etc.)? assets as part of liquidity. Be mind appropriately "bi
	Does your employer offer an Emergency Savings Account as			in the future.
	part of your retirement plan benefits, and are you not considered a highly compensated employee (HCE)? If so, consider whether contributions to this account (including employer matches) would appropriately complement your emergency fund, but be mindful of any limitations that apply (e.g., \$2,500 limit, one distribution per month, etc.).  Is the majority of your emergency fund held in accounts or assets outside of your bank (e.g., retirement plans, brokerage accounts, etc.)? If so, consider whether your emergency fund has enough flexibility (e.g., liquidity, manageable tax consequences, not penalty-prone, low volatility, etc.) to meet your needs should an emergency occur. If you have assets in a retirement plan, you may be eligible to take a penalty-free "emergency withdrawal" of up to \$1,000 (once per year, and can't use it again until paid back or three years have passed).			Is one of your fictonsider the extension of the consolidating your toward debt oblication by reduction by reduction of the consider the extension of your fictonsider the extension of your fictonsion of yo
	> <b>Do you have a health savings account (HSA)?</b> If so, consider earmarking a portion of your HSA's funds as part of your emergency fund for covering your medical insurance deductible or out-of-pocket maximum.			contributions, 5 current emerge prioritizing which you need to dive mindful of any a
	> <b>Do you have a Roth IRA?</b> If so, consider earmarking a portion of your Roth IRA's "contributions" (i.e., tax-free and penalty-free) as part of your emergency fund for any unexpected expenses. (continue on next column)			by making cuts t deductions, etc.)

	EMERGENCY FUND LOCATION ISSUES (CONTINUED)	YES	NO
}	Do you have permanent life insurance?  If so, consider whether your permanent life insurance policy's cash value could be earmarked as a source for your emergency fund, while simultaneously providing coverage for your life insurance needs.		
	Do you have any safe assets that are currently illiquid but will gain liquidity in the future (e.g., I bonds, CDs, deferred annuities, etc.)? If so, consider earmarking a portion of those assets as part of your future emergency fund once they gain some liquidity. Be mindful of whether your current emergency fund can appropriately "bridge the gap" until your illiquid assets gain liquidity in the future.		
	GOAL COORDINATION ISSUES	YES	NO
t			
	Is one of your financial goals to pay down debt(s)? If so, consider the extent to which paying off, refinancing, or consolidating your debt(s) could reduce your monthly payments toward debt obligations, and how that may complement your situation by reducing the demand on your emergency fund that may otherwise need to cover such payments.		
	consider the extent to which paying off, refinancing, or consolidating your debt(s) could reduce your monthly payments toward debt obligations, and how that may complement your situation by reducing the demand on your emergency fund that		



## **Brendan Crews**

11650 Olio Rd. Ste 1000-286 Fishers, IN 46037 Invest@DavimanFinancial.com | 317-207-0175 | www.DavimanFinancial.com